नई औद्योगिक नीति के विरुद्ध शिकायत

*243. **डा० बापू कालदाते:** क्या **प्रधान मंत्री** यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि कुछ राज्य सरकारों ने यह शिकायत की है कि पिछड़े हुये राज्यों पर नई औद्योगिक नीति का प्रतिकूल प्रभाव पड़ रहा है, और

(ख) यदि हां, तो ऐसे राज्यों के नाम क्या हैं और सरकार उनकी शिकायतों को दूर करने के लिये क्या कदम उठाने का विचार रखती है?

उद्योग मंत्रालय (औद्योगिक विकास विभाग) में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती कृष्णा साही): (क) और (ख) यद्यपि नई औद्योगिक नीति का प्रायः सभी राज्यों ने स्वागत किया है, लेकिन उत्तर-पूर्वी राज्यों, उड़ीसा, हिमाचल प्रदेश, उत्तर प्रदेश और बिहार जैसे कुछ राज्यों ने पिछड़े क्षेत्रों के औद्योगिकरण के लिए कुछ उपायों का सुझाव दिया है।

पिछड़े क्षेत्रों में उद्योगों के फैलाव के लिए सरकार विकास केन्द्र योजना के अधीन देश भर में चुनिंदा केन्द्रों में बुनियादी सुविधाएं जुटा रही है। उत्तर-पूर्वी क्षेत्र सहित चुनिंदा क्षेत्रों के लिए परिवहन सबसिडी योजना भी चला रही है।

Production of Electronic Goods

*244. SHRI GOPALSINH G. SOLANKI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total value of electronic goods and components manufactured in India during 1991-92;

(b) what is the reaction of the industry to Government's liberalisation policy; and

(c) what is the total export of electronic products in terms of value and what steps are being taken to encourage this industry to boost production?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND DEPARTMENT OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI P.R. KUMARAMANGALAM): (a) The total production of the electronics sector was Rs. 10,590 crores, out of which the production of components was Rs. 1900 crores during 1991-92.

(b) The industry has generally welcomed the Government's liberalisation policy.

(c) The total export of electronic products in 1991-92 was Rs. 1337 crores. To encourage the industry to boost production, the Government have simplified the procedures for import of capital goods, special materials and components, removed capacity restrictions and phased manufacturing programme, abolished licensing requirements for most of the industry and initiated steps to improve the infrastructure. Special shemes like the Software Technology Park scheme and Electronics Hardware Technology Park scheme have also been introduced.

Manufacture of Carbaryl Formulations

*245. SHRI RAMACHANDRAN PILLAI:
SHRI RAMNARAYAN GOSWAMI:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that highly dangerous carbaryl formulations are still being manufactured and circulated as wonder pesticides;

(b) whether it is a fact that forensic experts are against the import of carbaryl as there are safer alternative available in the country; and

(c) if so, whether Government propose to review the import policy of this pesticide?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS (SHRI CHINTA MOHAN): (a) and (b) Carbaryl formulations are being manufactured and marketed in this country. These formulations are duly approved by the Central Insecticides Board and are only